Attachment 9 - Identification of a Confined Space Decision Tree

(Reference: AS/NZS 2865 Confined Spaces para3.2.1 Figure 1 Identification of a Confined Space)



Confined Space:

(AS/NZS 2865 Confined Spaces para 1.5.5 Confined space)

An enclosed or partially enclosed space that is not intended or designed primarily for human occupancy, within which there is a risk of one or more of the following:

- (a) An oxygen concentration outside the safe oxygen range.
- (b) A concentration of airborne contaminant that may cause impairment, loss of consciousness or asphyxiation.
- (c) A concentration of flammable airborne contaminant that may cause injury from fire or explosion.
- (d) Engulfment in a stored free-flowing solid or a rising level of liquid that may cause suffocation or drowning.

NOTES:

- 1. Enclosed or partially enclosed spaces that may meet the definition criteria for a confined space are
 - (a) storage tanks, tank cars, process vessels, boilers, pressure vessels, silos and other tank-like compartments;
 - (b) pipes, sewers, shafts, degreaser and sullage pits, ducts and similar structures; and
 - (c) any shipboard spaces entered through a small hatchway or entry point, cargo tanks, cellular double bottom tanks, duct keels, ballast and oil tanks, and void spaces.
- 2. A confined space may or may not have restricted means of entry and exit. Appropriately sized entry and exit points are important for the safe entry and exit or retrieval of a person(s) in an emergency. However, a restricted means of entry or exit is not a consideration in identifying an enclosed or partially enclosed space as a confined space.
- 1. Most enclosed or partially enclosed spaces are intended or designed primarily for human occupancy, e.g. offices and workshops where adequate ventilation and lighting, safe means of access and egress, etc. are provided. From time to time they may have atmospheric hazards produced by task-related activities such as welding. Such task-related hazards are not covered by this Standard and other safety systems apply.
- 2. Some enclosed or partially enclosed spaces have atmospheric contaminants that are harmful to persons but are designed for persons to occupy, e.g. abrasive blasting or spray painting booths. Enclosed or partially enclosed spaces that are intended or designed primarily for human occupation and have systems such as gaseous fire extinguishing systems (see AS 4214) or inert gas systems for beverage dispensing (see AS 5034) installed, are not confined spaces. In such cases, other safety systems such as relevant legislation, Standards or Codes of Practice apply.
- 3. A rising level of a liquid in an enclosed or partially enclosed space may cause engulfment through the inability of a person to readily exit the space. Drowning in a reservoir, dam or tank where the level of liquid is static is not considered to be drowning from engulfment.